

USER GUIDE

EC-09 Plate Meter



Datamars recommends the use of Jenquip Pasture Management Software. It takes the information from your farm walk and produces ready-to-use reports. Jenquip Pasture Management Software is supplied with your plate meter on a USB stick. For all support, phone 0800 AGDATA (0800 243282).

Computer requirements: Windows XP or later.

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The logo for Datamars, featuring the word "DATAMARS" in a bold, sans-serif font. The letters 'A', 'M', and 'S' contain small colored dots: a teal dot in the 'A', a purple dot in the 'M', and an orange dot in the 'S'.

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Introduction

Congratulations on the purchase of your Tru-Test EC-09 Plate Meter. This plate meter is a high precision engineered device for measuring the average height of pasture relative to density of the pasture.

This is directly relative to the quantity of dry matter present (kilograms of dry matter – kg DM/ha)

Your plate meter will become an invaluable tool in your farming operation for day-to-day feeding decisions and long term feed budgeting.

Important safety note

Read and understand all the instructions before using the plate meter. A copy of this user guide can be downloaded from www.livestock.tru-test.com

Your plate meter is designed only for measuring pastures. Use it for no other purpose (e.g. it is not a walking stick). We have manufactured the plate meter using quality materials and manufacturing techniques, however, if faults do occur, have them corrected before you use the plate meter.



Be careful around electric fences. Parts of the plate meter will conduct electricity!

Store the plate correctly. Be careful that the wind does not blow the plate away - it could be dangerous. It is not to be thrown.



Water blasting or submerging the unit will void the warranty.

Assembly instructions

The plate meter is supplied in three parts:

The plate

The heavy duty plastic plate sits on top of the pasture to establish average height and density. The area of the circle and weight of the plate have been carefully calibrated.

The rod and shaft with meter

The grooved rod allows pasture to be measured in 0.5 cm intervals (clicks). The yellow shaft includes the electronic meter.

The handle

The black handle can be adjusted to suit the height of the user.

To assemble the plate meter:

- 1 With one hand, hold the yellow shaft vertically with the counter towards the ground. The grooved rod will slide down through the shaft.



- 2 With your other hand, screw on the plate, making sure that the smooth side of the plate is uppermost (ribbed side closest to the meter).



- 3 Turn the plate meter the correct way up (plate down) and place it on the ground. The grooved rod will protrude out of the shaft. With one hand hold the grooved rod and with the other hand, screw on the black plastic handle. Be careful not to displace the small rubber O-ring on the top of the rod.

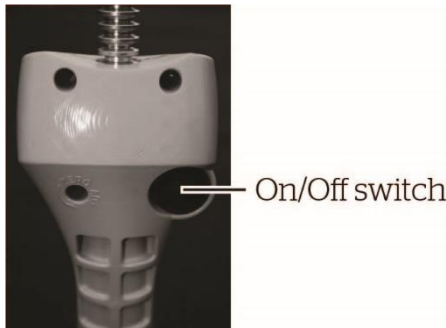


- 4 Use the buttons on the handle to adjust the handle so that it is a comfortable height.

Operating the plate meter

Switching the unit on and off

The plate meter is switched on and off using the black switch at the back of the unit. Off is in the 'down' position. When the unit is off, there are no numbers displayed on the LCD screen.



Front display buttons

The various functions of the plate meter are accessed by the two buttons on the front of the unit, labelled 'Height/Reset' and 'Count/Formula'. The words in bold type are the primary functions.



These are activated by a short press of the button. The secondary functions 'Reset' and 'Formula' are activated by holding the button down until the function operates. When the unit is first switched on, the display will show the current formula in use

and the calculated kg DM/ha based on that formula, and any readings in memory. Pressing the "Height" button will briefly display the average pasture height. This is often referred to as "clicks" (measured in 0.5 cm) and will be displayed to one decimal place (i.e. 0.0 or 12.4).



1 click = 0.5 cm.

The number of readings is displayed when the 'Count' button is pressed. The display will show a 'c' on the left side and the count on the right. The display will return to normal after two seconds.

All readings can be cleared (reset) by holding down the "Reset" button for approximately two seconds, then the display will change to "0".

Zero calibration

To ensure that the plate meter accurately measures the compressed height of pasture, the plate meter must be calibrated. This requires setting a base level of zero so measurements can be benchmarked against this. If the plate meter does not return to zero after each reading, it will not record the measurement - hence the plate meter will not beep.

If, for any reason, the plate meter is out of calibration, it will need to be recalibrated.

To calibrate the plate meter:

- 1 Hold the plate meter at the bottom of travel and ensure that the plate meter is switched off.
- 2 Locate the zero adjustment screw (beside the On/Off switch).
- 3 Remove the protective rubber bung by levering it out gently using a flat-bladed screwdriver.
- 4 Hold down the "Count" button while switching the unit on. The display will change to "CAL" briefly and display a colon (:) followed by a number. The colon (:) signifies that it is in fine calibration mode.

As an example, you might see ":5" when you switch on.

- 5 Using the flat bladed screw driver, turn the yellow plastic or steel shaft within the cog, anticlockwise, until the display reads "0".



The cog and steel shaft must remain stationary.



Do not turn the shaft beyond this point or you may damage the plate meter and void the warranty.



- 6 Once the counter reads zero, move the plate meter up the full length of the shaft. The colon will disappear once it passes 9 and enters "clicks" mode. At the full height the display should read approximately "50" which is 50 half centimetres. The plate meter has now been calibrated.
- 7 Switch off when you have finished, and then back on again without pressing any buttons.
- 8 Test the zero calibration by raising and lowering the plate all the way to the bottom several times. A beep should sound and the kg DM/ha displayed as the plate falls. If it does not, repeat the steps above and retest.
- 9 When you have finished calibrating the plate meter, replace the rubber bung over the zero adjustment screw.

If the calibration fails to hold, then the potentiometer, which the cog drives, is probably faulty and will need replacing. This can occur with excessive wear often compounded by dust and dirt entering the dry bearing of the potentiometer.

Start up/self test

1 Switch on.

The plate meter will beep and display the current formula setting. The formula will be displayed next with the '+' part of the equation first (default 500) and then the 'x' part second (default 140).

2 The display will then show the kg DM/ha calculation based on that formula and any readings stored in memory.

3 To clear the readings, press and hold the 'Reset' button until the display shows '0.0'. There is one default plate equation, and one custom (user editable) equation. The former is built into the chip and cannot be replaced or modified. This equation is typically used between April and September in New Zealand.

During start up, if the battery charge is low it will display "Lo" and give two beeps. It will still work OK for some time. However, it would be a good idea to take a spare battery with you on the farm walk.

The original formulas developed for use with the plate meter were:

- Dairy Pasture (Reasonably consistent rainfall areas height reading $\times 158 + 1000 =$ Cover (kg DM/ha).
- Dairy Pasture (moderate rainfall periods height reading $\times 158 + 200 =$ Cover (kg DM/ha).
- Sheep pastures: height reading $\times 158 =$ Cover (kg DM/ha).

The plate meter also provides an option for selecting your own equation or those recommended by consultants, such as Dairy NZ or Beef + Lamb New Zealand. Your plate meter will be set up for the Dairy NZ recommended equation for the autumn/winter months.

Entering the factory default formula

While the plate meter is switched on, hold down the 'Formula' button. The display shows 'F__d' Press the 'Reset' button briefly. The display will then show (500) and then (140). The default formula has now been loaded and saved to memory.

Other formulas:

To better reflect the growth stages of pastures, these formulas were derived:

Seasonal variations of formulas

- 1 Winter & early spring - before stem growth $\times 125 + 640$
- 2 Late spring & early summer - during stem growth $\times 130 + 990$
- 3 Mid summer $\times 165 + 1480$
- 4 Early autumn - before autumn rain $\times 159 + 1180$
- 5 Late autumn - after rain $\times 157 + 970$

Dairy NZ formulas

Dairy NZ also developed these month based formulas:

| Months (Southern hemisphere) | Plate meter equations (Dairy pastures) |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Winter (April/September) | Plate meter reading $\times 140 + 500$ (factory default) |
| October | Plate meter reading $\times 115 + 850$ |
| November | Plate meter reading $\times 120 + 1000$ |
| December | Plate meter reading $\times 140 + 1200$ |
| January | Plate meter reading $\times 140 + 1200$ |
| February | Plate meter reading $\times 185 + 1200$ |
| March | Plate meter reading $\times 170 + 1100$ |

| Months (Northern hemisphere) | Plate meter equations (Dairy pastures) |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Winter (October/March) | Plate meter reading x 140 + 500 (factory default) |
| April | Plate meter reading x 115 + 850 |
| May | Plate meter reading x 120 + 1000 |
| June | Plate meter reading x 140 + 1200 |
| July | Plate meter reading x 140 + 1200 |
| August | Plate meter reading x 185 + 1200 |
| September | Plate meter reading x 170 + 1100 |



Some equations may change without notice and are influenced by seasonal differences. If you are unsure of the current equation contact Dairy NZ or your local consultant.

Entering your own formula

To enter your own cover equation or one that may have been recommended by a third party, such as your consultant, Dairy NZ or Beef + Lamb New Zealand, please do the following:

- 1 While the plate meter is switched on, hold down the "Formula" button. The display looks like this: "F--d". Press the formula button again briefly - then change the "d" (default) to "c" (custom). Now press "Reset" briefly and the display will look like this: "0---" This is the first of two numbers you will enter. The first number is the equation "add" number and the second the "multiply" number. For example, in equation 2 above, the first number (115) is the "multiply" number and the second (850) is the "add" number.
- 2 The "add" number is 4 digits long and can range from 0 to 9999. Starting with the first digit, press the "Formula" button to change this digit to a value

from 0 to 9. Press the “reset” button when it is correct. NB, 850 for example would be entered as (0850). Enter the next digit. Repeat this process until all 4 digits have been entered. The display then changes to the “multiply” number.

- 3 The “multiply” number has 3 digits and can range from 0 to 255. The first digit will appear. Press the “Formula” button to change this digit to a value of 0, 1, or 2. Press the “Reset” button when it is correct and the next digit will appear. Repeat this process until all digits are entered and the display returns to its normal state.

As manufacturers we can only give broad guidelines with regard to the formula to use. For advice on creating custom formulas optimised for your particular farm, and circumstances contact 0800 AGDATA (0800 243282).

Using your plate meter

Technique

Practice the technique of an uninterrupted slow walking pace, taking care not to “roll” the plate meter. This is where the plate is not square to the ground and it will provide a false HIGH reading.



Lowering the plate meter consistently rather than rolling it, will provide a more accurate reading.

Farm walk

The more regularly you take readings the better. Astute farmers will take readings weekly, sometimes more often during critical times of the year and less frequently during times of static conditions.

The more samples taken per paddock the less margin of error. We recommend 20 to 40 samples per paddock but if you have bad conditions ie. pugged paddocks, then more samples should be taken.

Most paddocks will have areas of good growth and areas of poor growth. If recently grazed, the pasture may be clumpy. Ensure that your walk includes representative

samples of both areas. Avoid tracks, stock camp sites and other uncharacteristic areas.

Take samples every 3 paces or so, rather than choosing by eye the spot to sample. This removes operator preference for long or short patches.



Be consistent. Plan the same walk every time although it can be done in reverse. This allows each walk to be compared with another.

Taking paddock readings (the pasture walk)

How to take paddock readings:

- 1 Switch the unit on using the toggle switch at the back.
- 2 Reset by holding the 'Reset' button until the display changes to '0'. This should be accompanied by 2 short beeps.
- 3 Walk across the paddock taking readings every few paces. You will hear a beep every time a reading is stored. The average kg DM/ha is immediately recalculated and displayed. The number of samples (readings) to be taken should range between 20 and 40 per paddock however this will be determined by the variance existing in the cover. You will hear 3 short beeps when you have completed 29 readings and one long beep when you reach 30. This is the recommended number of readings. Readings need to be taken on a regular basis e.g. every three paces to even out any variations, however avoid stock camp areas, tracks or uncharacteristic areas. The greater the variability, the greater the number of readings you should take.
- 4 If you need to negotiate an obstacle (e.g. fence or creek) switch the unit off so that no readings are taken if the plate moves. On the other side of the obstacle, switch the unit back on and continue taking readings.
- 5 When you have completed the paddock, read off the average pasture cover.
- 6 Write down the average height and/or the average cover.
- 7 Repeat instructions 4 to 8 until you have completed every paddock.
- 8 Switch the unit off using the toggle switch at the back.



Undo Feature: You can "undo" the last reading by holding down the "Height" button as you switch on the plate meter. The count will now be one less than what it was and the dry matter reading will also change to the previous reading. You can continue taking more readings if you wish.

Results from feed budgeting will assist in making important management decisions such as:

- Stocking rates
- Quantity of feed supplements to feed
- When to apply nitrogen fertiliser
- Predicting future shortages or surpluses of pasture
- Planning silage and hay making
- Drying off times
- Stock sale decisions
- Highlighting poor performing pastures or paddocks

Software

Datamars recommends the use of Jenquip Pasture Management Software. It takes the information from your farm walk and produces ready-to-use reports. Jenquip Pasture Management Software is supplied with your plate meter on a USB stick.

Use the Jenquip Pasture Management software to further process the plate meter readings and do your feed wedge:

Total Dry Matter = Kg Dry Matter per Hectare x Paddock Area

Growth Rate of Pasture

$$= \frac{\text{Final kg DM/ha} - \text{Initial kg DM/ha}}{\text{Number of days between samples}} \text{ (kg DM/ha/day)}$$

Maintenance

Your plate meter has been developed over a number of years to be simple, effective yet reliable. However, a little maintenance will ensure many years of trouble free use from this plate meter.

Before use

After assembling the plate onto the meter, move the plate up and down a few times to ensure no binding occurs. If its movement is restricted, the reason must be identified and resolved before the plate meter is used.

After use

Remove the plate and wash it clean.

Wash/wipe and dry the area around the bottom of the plate meter. Move the plate meter up or down the shaft so that all dirt and accumulated grass can be washed away.



This is a precision instrument - look after it.

Water blasting or submerging the unit will void the warranty.

Replacing the battery

On start up if you get a “Lo” battery warning then the battery will need replacing over the next farm walk or two. A triangle icon in the top left hand corner also indicates a low battery. The plate meter is powered by a single 9 V battery. The use of an alkaline battery is recommended though a standard heavy duty battery will still work well. An alkaline battery should give 40-50 hours continuous use. A NiCad rechargeable battery may also be used.

Before you replace the battery, ensure that the plate meter is switched off. Remove the screw on the front of the plate meter. The battery retainer will slide out towards you.

Remove the battery and gently remove the battery snap connections (lever off with a screwdriver). Fitting the new battery is the reverse of the removal procedure.

If your battery is near the end of its life, it is a good idea to carry a spare with you.

Fault finding

There is no visual display:

| Check | Resolution |
|--|---|
| The plate meter is not turned on | Turn on |
| The battery is flat | Replace the battery |
| If you have just changed a battery you may have damaged the battery snap clip to top of the battery. | Service: Send the plate meter to your service agent |

The plate meter continuously beeps and eventually turns off:

| Check | Resolution |
|--|---|
| This is normally due to a low battery. The plate meter requires a given level of power to operate correctly. If the battery doesn't have sufficient power it may continuously beep to warn you. Remember if you turn the plate meter off for a few minutes it may recover slightly but the problem will not go away. | Change the battery Battery may be due for replacement. Requires electronic service. |



Most problems are due to the plate meter being out of calibration (see following points as to why. If in doubt it is worth Zero Calibrating just to make sure it is correct (see page 6).

| Check | Resolution |
|---|--|
| The cog has wound off. | Replace - Request a spare cog from your service agent. |
| Potentiometer damaged. The Potentiometer is the shaft part that drives the cog. <i>Note:</i> Under no circumstances should you apply CRC or a light oil to the potentiometer. It is a dry bearing and any lubricant will render the potentiometer useless). | Send the plate meter to your service agent for repair. |
| Check the metal shaft is coming right back into the base of the tube. Ensure there is no grass or soil build-up preventing it from doing so. Also check the washer at the bottom of the shaft is not catching on the bottom of the plate. | Clean the plate meter. |

The plate meter does not "beep" when taking a reading:

This means that the plate meter does not know where the bottom is - therefore does not record the reading.

Readings do not seem accurate:

Check

The counter is like a calculator - it does not give false readings under normal circumstances.

Cover Equations

In New Zealand there are a number of standard equations published by various organisations. These reflect regional pasture types. If you wish to change an equation or select alternative species you will need to contact your consultant. Traditionally the equation of height X 158 plus 200 was used however there has been a series of equations produced to reflect changes in pasture types and physiological state (vegetative, flowering, seed head) which can alter DM levels in the paddock.

A more accurate calibration can be achieved by taking cuttings or your consultant may be able to advise you on the most appropriate equation for your situation. This particularly applies to pastures under irrigation.

Resolution

Check the equation being used is correct and the calibration has been correctly set. (Zeroed).

Check which equation you are using.

Plate meter not running freely (low results):

| <u>Check</u> | <u>Resolution</u> |
|--|---|
| Metal shaft is bent. | Straighten or request a replacement part from your service agent. |
| Grass or soil build-up inside case. | Clean the plate meter. |
| Flutes on steel shaft have become filled with grass or soil. | Clean the plate meter. |

Front panel (membrane) problems:

| <u>Check</u> | <u>Resolution</u> |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Buttons not clicking or activating. | Service - membrane needs replacing. Send the plate meter to your service agent. |

How do I change a formula?

| <u>Check</u> | <u>Resolution</u> |
|---|---|
| The plate meter is switched on. If you wish to select the inbuilt default formula. | Hold down the 'Formula' button until the display changes to 'F__d'. While the 'd' is displayed, press the 'Reset' button. The following equation is used: $\text{Cover (kg DM/ha)} = 140 \times \text{height} + 500$ |

Warranty and servicing

For warranty information, see

www.livestock.tru-test.com/en-nz/product-warranty

For repair and servicing within New Zealand, ship to the address below.
(Unscrew the plate before packaging the plate meter).

8 Weld Street

Feilding

4702

Tel: 06-323 6146

For all support, phone
0800 AGDATA (0800 243282)